TARKOV, A.P.

Geological nature of gravity anomalies in the Amur-Brega interfluve. Geol. nefti i gaza 5 no. 2:25-29 P '61. (MERA 14:2)

1. Vsesoyusnyy nauchno-isoledovateliskiy institut geofizicheskikh metodov nazvedki.

(Amur Valley-Gravity)

\$/058/60/000/006/026/040 A005/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, 1960, No. 6, p. 293, # 14914

AUTHOR: Tarkhov, B.F.

TITLE: Laboratory Unit for Measuring the Secondary Radiation

PERIODICAL: Nauchn. tr. Leningr. in-t toohnoy mekhan. 1 optiki, 1959, No. 29, pp. 91-100

TEXT: A laboratory unit is described, which is based on utilizing the Doppler effect for measuring the secondary radiation from models with arbitrary configuration. The operational principle of the device is such that both the revolving model and the pattern ball enter periodically into the directivity diagram of the transmitting antenna. If the secondary radiation is measured in reverse direction, the reflected energy is received by the same antenna; if the secondary radiation is measured in other directions, any additional antenna is used. The oscillations from the SHF generator and the oscillations reflected by the investigated model are fed by means of a double triplet, into the detector input, in the load of which a voltage of difference frequency is obtained. The latter is amplified and fed into the recorder, that may be a pulse oscillograph

Card 1/2

s/058/60/000/006/026/040 A005/A001

Laboratory Unit for Measuring the Secondary Radiation or a registering instrument. The block-diagram, the kinematic diagram, the general view, and the theory of the system are presented and discussed. It is mentioned that the unit does not require screening, decoupling of the receiver and transmitter, and the application of highly stabilized power supply sources. and transmitter, and the appropriation of intents stabilized powd supply sources.

It is pointed out, that the measurement error of the absolute value of the effective pointed out, that the measurement error of the absolute value of the effective powd supply sources. tive reflection surfaces, which is determined by the manufacturing inaccuracy of the pattern ball, the lens effect, the influence of the ball fastening system, and also by the nonlinearity of the amplifiers and recorders, does not exceed N.N. Filippov 5.4%.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

Card 2/2

AUTHORS: Pivovarov, V.M., Kir'yanova, L.A., Bobovich, Ya.S. and Tarkhov, G.N. SOV/51-7-2-21/34

TITLE: Photoelectric Recording of Raman Spectra Excited with the λ = 5675 Å Line from a Helium Lamp (Fotoelektricheskaya registratsiya spektrov kombinatsionnogo rasseyaniya, vozbuzhdennykh liniey

PERIODICAL: Optika i spektroskopiya, 1959, Vol 7, Nr 2, pp 258-259 (USSR) ABS TRACT:

A 3000 V, 0.2 A cold-cathode spiral helium lamp working under glowdischarge conditions at pHe = 2 mm Hg, was employed to excite the Raman spectrum (the 5875 A line was used). The spectra were obtained by means of a high-speed monochromator with a diffraction grating. A photomultiplier FEU-27 was used as a receiver. This photomultiplier was sensitive to about 7000 A and was, therefore, able to record vibrational lines with frequencies ~1600 cm-1. The signal from the photomultiplier was amplified and recorded using appropriate parts of a spectrometer DFS-12. Fig 1 shows the spectrum of iodoxybenzene obtained in this way. The reproducibility of the results and the

Card 1/2

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Photoelectric Recording of Raman Spectra Excited with the = 5875 Å Line from a

resolution are illustrated on the 1004-1030 cm⁻¹ doublet of toluene and the 999-1017 cm⁻¹ doublet of iodoxybenzene (Fig 2). The first doublet Fig 2a) is completely resolved, the second (Fig 26) is resolved to the extent of about 80%. There are 2 figures and 4 references, of which is Soviet, 2 English and 1 international.

SURLITTED: January 24, 1959

Card 2/2

TARKHOV, I.I. insh.

Increase work safety in hot shops. Bezop. truda v pros. 2 (NIRA 11:1) no.1:6-8 Ja '58.

1.Leningradskiy Kirovskiy zavod. (Industrial safety) "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
SOKOLOV, YE. V.; TARKHOV, N.A.

LEAD WINE

Resheniye elektrodnogo komiteta VNITO svarshchikov po voprosu o dopustimosti vneshnikh povrezhdeniy na pokrytii elektrodov. Avtog. delo No. 23, 3, 1952. Uchenyy Sekretar!

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June, 1952, UNCLASSIFIED

TARKHOV N.A., inshener; MARKELOVA, L.V., inshener; RAKHMANOV, A.D., inshener; VIKENT'YEV, V.V., inshener

Practices in the design and use of metal electrode manufacturing equipment. Svar. proizv. no.10:16-22 0'55. (MLRA 8:12)

1. Opytnyy svarochnyy zavod TSentral'no nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya
(Electrodes)

Denengerische Companier des Companiers des Companie day, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

SOV/4099 PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

Tarkhov, Nikolay Alekseyevich, and Aleksandr Dmitriyevich Rakhmanov

Elektrody dlya dugovoy svarki i naplavki (Electrodes for Arc Welding and Surfacing) Mosnow, Mashgiz, 1959. 63 p. (Series: Biblioteka svarshchika) 10,000 copies printed.

Editorial Board: A.Ye. Asnis, A.A. Kazimirov, B.I. Medovar, B.Ye.
Paton (Resp. Ed.), and V.V. Podgayetskiy; Eds.: V.V. Mayevskiy and A. Ye. Asnis; Chief Ed. (Southern Division, Mashgiz): V.K. Serdyuk, Engineer.

PURPOSE: This booklet is intended for welders.

COVERAGE: The booklet deals with processes taking place in manual are welding. The main causes for the formation of defects on deposited metal and the effect of electrode coating and coating components on the quality of deposited metal are discussed. General information on modern methods of making electrodes are presented. The problem of electrode classification and selection for various

card 1/3

rsday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

sov/4099 Electrodes for Arc (Cont.) types of work is also discussed. No personalities are mentioned. There are 8 references, all Soviet. TABLE OF CONTENTS: 3 Preface 4 Metallurgical Processes Taking Place in Welding 12 Welding and Processing Properties of Electrodes 17 2. Causes of Certain Defects in Welding and Surfacing 23 3. Basic Raw Materials for Making Electrodes 33 Process of Manufacturing Electrodes 6. Classification, Characteristics, and Field of Application of 38 Basic Types of Electrodes card 2/3

26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

Electrodes for Arc (Cont.)

Bibliography

Appendix

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (TK 4660 .T3)

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

POLOTSKIY, L.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; TARKHOV, N.A., inzh.

Vibrational mill for electrode manufacture. Svar. proizv. 12:17-20 (MIRA 18:9) D 163.

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 L 36820-66 = EWP(k)/EWT(m)/T/EWF(v)/EWP(t)/ETIIJF(c) UR/0135/66/000/006/002L/0026 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR. AP6019429 Stroyev, V. S. (Engineer); Tarkhov, N. A. (Engineer); Vitman, AUTHOR: D. V. (Engineer) ORG: Moscow Experimental Welding Plant (Moskovskiy opytnyy svarochnyy ZavodT TITLE: Arc welding of heat resistant steels SOURCE: Svarochnoye proizvodatvo, no. 6, 1966, 24-26 TOPIC TAGS: are welding, heat resistant steel, welding electrode ABSTRACT: An extensive table gives the chemical composition and the mechanical characteristics of 8 different steels used for electrode material in the arc welding of heat resistant steels. A series of figures gives the results of tests of metal melted with the electrodes shown in the table. A further table, based on experimental data, lists the different electrodes and makes detailed recommendations as to their most advantageous regions of application. Welded constructions requiring subsequent mechanical working to relieve internal stresses may by subjected to austenizing at a slow rate of heating (20-300/hour) up to 425-450°C, with holding at this temperature for 2 to 4 hours, and

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then a final fast heating to 1050-1250°C and holding for 2 to 3 hours, with fast cooling. Orig. art. has: 7 figures and 2 tables.

SUB CODE: 13, 11/SUBM DATE: none/ORIG REF: 001/OTH REF: 002

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R00175010015-6

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/012/0063/0063 ACC NR AP6021799 INVENTOR: Hedever, B. I.; Streyev, V. S.; Chektile, L. V.; Tarkhev, H. A.; Pinchuk, W. I. 40 B TITLE: Electrode for <u>welding</u> oxidation-resistant steels. Class 21, 1 182814 [announced by the Electric Welding Institute im. Ye. O. Paton (Institut Class 21, No elektrosvarki) SOURCE: Indiretemiya, promyshlemnyye obrastsy, tovernyye snaki, no. 12, 1966, 63 emidebion, resistant steel, welding alactrode ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces an electrode for welding oxidation-resistant steels, The electrode coating contains 31% marble, 27% fluorepar, 6.5% manganese, 1.5% aluminum, and 14% ferrosilicon. To increase the weld resistance against carburization, hot crecking, and oxidation, 12% ferroboron and 8% dolomite are added to the coating com-[ND] position. SUB CODE: MIL DYSUBH DATE: 26Hay65/ATD PRESS: 5/36 nsi Card 1/1

SOV/137-57-1-472

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1957, Nr 1, p 62 (USSR)

Smirnov, M. P., Tarkhov, N. G. **AUTHORS:**

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Vacuum Method for the Sublimation of Zinc From Zinc-silver Scum TITLE:

(Vakuumnyy sposob distillyatsii tsinka iz serebristoy peny)

PERIODICAL: Byul. Tsentr. in-t inform. tsvet. metallurgii, 1956, Nr 3, pp 13519

ABSTRACT: The authors carried out laboratory experiments on vacuum sublimation (VS) of Zn from either dry or moist zinc-silver scum. The results of the experiments on VS of Zn from dry scum showed that the optimum temperature for the process is 1000°C; the yield of sublimated Zn is 94 - 98%. A decrease in temperature increases greatly the amount of dross. For VS it is desirable to have dry scum with a minimum amount of powdery fraction. The optimum particle size is 8-10 mm. The yield of zinc-free dross is 17-20% of the foam by weight. Through experimenting on VS of Zn from moist scum it was established that the optimum temperature is 9000. The extraction of Zn through sublimation is 98%, while the amount of dross is only 6-8%. In proportion, < 9% Ag passes into the dross. In the case of VS from crude scum the latter requires no additional treatment,

Card 1/2

SOV/137-57-1-472

Vacuum Method for the Sublimation of Zinc From Zinc-silver Scum

and the prodedure of creating a good vacuum is also facilitated. A comparison of industrial shop data with the results of extended experiments is made. The best results are produced by VS from crude scum. The temperature of the process is decreased by 300-400° with a 30°/o extraction of Zn in the metallic form and a decrease in dross output. The sanitary-hygienic conditions are improved through the absence of any evolution of gas. Engineering and cost estimates for the method of VS of Zn from scum show that it is more profitable than the existing method.

Card 2/2

SMIRNOV, M.P.; TARKHOV, M.G.; SERGIYENKO, V.Ya.

Introducing vacuum techniques for de-sincing lead at the Chimkent Plant. TSvet.met. 29 no.5:19-23 My '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Gintsvetmet (for Smiraov, Tarkhov); 2. Chimkentskiy svintsovyy zavod (for Sergiyenko).

(Chimkent-Lead--Metallurgy)

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PUNTAGE TREES.

SMIRNOV, M.P.; TARKHOV, N.G.; MARTYNOV, K.V.; KRAVCHENKO, P.T.

Vacuum removal of zinc from lead at "Electrosinc" plant. Biul.
TSIIN tsvet. met. no.8:21-26 '58. (MIRA 11:6)
(Lead-Electrometallurgy) (Vacuum metallurgy)

\$/136/60/000/05/007/025 E071/E235

A SECTION OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

Smirnov, M. P., Malkin, Ya, Z., Tarkhov, N. G., and AUTHORS:

Sergienko, V.

Industrial Tests of the Vacuo Method of Distilling Zinc TITLE:

From Silvery Foam

PERIODICAL: Tsvetnyye metally, 1960, Nr 5, pp 31-38 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In 1955 on the Chimkent lead works, pilot plant tests of vacuo distillation of zinc from silvery foam (60.3% Pb, 26.3% Zn, 99.564 kg/t of noble metals, including a little gold; 0.3% Cu) were successfully completed (Ref 2). Later, an industrial plant was designed, testing of which during 1958 to 1959 is described. A sketch of the side view and the longitudinal cross-section of the vacuo furnace is shown in Fig 1 and a schematic diagram of the whole installation in Fig 2. The operating principle of the furnace is similar to vacuo-separating furnaces used in the titanium industry for distilling off magnesium and magnesium chloride from titanium sponge. During testing, the installation was somewhat modified;

its final design is outlined. The capacity of the furnace is 1.0 to 1.5 tons per charge, 2.7 to 3.6 tons per day, Card 1/4

S/136/60/000/05/007/025 E071/E235

Industrial Tests of the Vacuo Method of Distilling Zinc From Silvery Foam

the power consumption is 97 kW. At a temperature of the process of 920°C and a residual pressure in the retort of 1 to 2 mm Hg, the following results were obtained. The yield of products, %: lead 58, condensate 25, dross 12.5. The distribution of metals. %: zinc in condensate - 89.3, in dross - 8.7, in silvery lead - 2; lead and noble metals in silvery lead - 82.9 and 81.6, in dross - 11.8 and 14.1 and into condensate 5 and 4 respectively. Metal balances of some heats are given in Tables 1, 2 and 3; a comparison of the yields of products obtained by the usual and vacuo distillation is given in Table 4; a similar comparison of the chemical composition of distillation products is given in Table 5 and of the recovery of metals, in Table 6. A comparison of the results previously obtained on the pilot plant with the results obtained on the present installation is given in Table 7. It is concluded that in comparison with the usual process, the vacuo distillation has the following advantages: (a) an increase in the recovery of zinc in metal

S/136/60/000/05/007/025 E071/E235

Industrial Tests of the Vacuo Method of Distilling Zinc From Silvery Foam

(20%) at the expense of producing lead and dross, with a lower zinc content, the further processing of which will involve lower losses of noble metals; (b) a decrease in the yield of dross by a factor of 1.5 and a decrease in the transfer of noble metals and lead into the dross; (c) an increase in the recovery of noble metals and lead into silvery lead; (d) an improvement in sanitary—hygienic conditions of working. The branch of Gintsvetmet for technical and economic investigations carried out a comparative evaluation of the existing, vacuo and electrothermal (used in UKSTsK) methods of distillation of zinc from silvery foam which indicated that the vacuo method is the most economical. An order was placed with OKB Electropech and Works producing electro-thermal equipment for the design and construction of electrovacuo furnaces capable of dealing with the whole throughput of the Chimkent Works. In addition to the authors the following works personnel participated in the work:

Card 3/4

S/136/60/000/05/007/025 E071/E235

Industrial Tests of the Vacuo Method of Distilling Zinc From Silvery Foam

S. A. Batyrbenkova, Engineer, and V. N. Prachev, Technician. There are 2 figures, 7 tables and 2 Soviet references.

Card 4/4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6**

MALKIN, Ya.Z.; SMIRNOV, M.P.; SERGIYENKO, V.Ya.; KOZHEVNIKOVA, G.I.;

KALNIN, Ya.I.; TARKHOV, N.G.; Prinimali uchastiye: MURSAITOV, Kh.I.;

ABDUGAPAROV, Sh.I.; BOVGUTA, I.D.; TKACHEV, S.P.; FILATOV, H.V.;

SVISTEL'NIKOV, A.M.; PRACHEV, V.N.; SHEYMAN, V.I.; ANTROPOV, A.D.;

SOBOLEV, Ye.D.; POPOVA, N.T.

Industrial testing of a new continuous method of copper removal from crude lead. TSvet. met. 34 no.3:15-22 Mr 161. (MIRA 14:3)

l. Eksperimental'nyy tsekh Chimkentskogo swintsovogo zavoda (for Mursaitov, Abdugaparov, Bovguta, Tkachev, Filatov, Svistel'nikov, Prachev, Sheyman, Antropov, Sobolev, Popova).

(Lead-Metallurgy) (Copper)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

SMIRNOV, M.P.; TARKHOV, N.G.; MALKIN, Ya.Z.; SERGIYENKO, V.Ya.; KOZHEVNIKOVA, G.I.

Pilot plant development of a new method of copper removal from crude lead. Sbor. nauch. trud. Gintavetmeta no.19:432-452 162.

(MIRA 16:7)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledowateliskiy institut tsvetnykh metallov (for Smirnov, Tarkhov). 2. Chimkenskiy svintsovyy zavod (for Malkin, Sergiyenko, Kozhevnikova).

(Lead-Metallurgy)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

SMIRNOV, M.P.; MALKIN, Ya.Z.; SERGIYENKO, V.Ya.; TARKHOV, N.G.

Pilot plant development of a continuous method of lead softening in the presence of alkalies. TSvet. met. 36 no.8:43-48 Ag '63. (MIRA 16:9)

(Lead-Metallurgy) (Alkalies)

SMIRNOV, M.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; BIBENINA, G.A.; TARKHOV, N.G.; RAGULINA, A.T.

Developing a continuous method of bismuth removal from lead. Sbor. nauch. trud. Gintsvetmeta no.23:217-234 165. (MIRA 18:12) CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

SMIRNOV, M.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; MALKIN, Ya.Z.; TARKHOV, N.G.; SERGIYENKO, V.Ya.

Developing a continuous method for the alkali softening of lead. Shor. nauch. trud. Gintsvetmeta no.23:201-216 '65. (MIRA 18:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

TARKHOV, N.N., kand.tekhn.nauk

Graphic and analytical method of calculating electric drives with curvilinear characteristics. Trudy LIVT no.9:20-28 '60. (MIRA 15:3)

(Electricity on ships) (Electric driving)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

TARKHOV, V., narodnyy sud'ya (g. Zhdanov)

Public control. Mor. flot. 25 no. 12:17 D '65. (MIRA 18:12)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

DUBYANSKIY, V.M.; BABUSENKO, I.D.; TARKHOV, V.M.

New technological plan for mining thin coal seams using a cable unit. Trudy NPI 101:185-201 160. (MIRA 15:5) (Coal handling machinery)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6" PHASE I BOCK EXPLOITATION SOV/1781 Andreyov, Vladimir Aleksandrovich, Vaciliy Aleksandrovich Svorykin, Lev Andreyovich Konorov, Sergey Sergeyovich Len'hov, Sergey Timofeyevich Orlov, Vladimir Secenovich Seachukov, and Vladimir Sergeravich Terkhov Reschet i postroyeniye konturov samoleta za plaze (Calculation and Construction of Aircraft Contour Lines With Templates) Moseow, Oborongia, 1960. 490 p. Errata slip inserted. 2,200 copies printed. Reviewer: 5.3. bekin, Engineer; Ed. (Title page): 5.8. Len'kova, Candidate of Technical Sciences; Ed. (Inside book): V.I. Tikhonov, Engineer; Ed. of Publishing House: M.F. Bogomolova; Tech. Ed.: V.F. Roskin; Managing Ed.: 3.D. Eracil'nikov, Engineer. MAPOSE: This book is intended for designers and technicians is experimental design offices, lefting shops, and production-development sections of eviation factories. It may also be used by students of schools of higher technical education and technicum specializing is alreraft construction. COTENICE: The book examines the principles of the lofting method of mirraft construc-tion, the application of those principles to the design of surfaces of mirraft assemblies, and the procedures for making theoretical and constructional templates.

TARKHOV, Ye.N.

Geomagnetic field at Leningrad according to archeomagnetic data. Geomag. i aer. 3 no.4:728-733 Jl-Ag '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut magnetizma, ionosfery i rasprostraneniya radio-voln AN SSSR, Leningradskoye otdeleniye.

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APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6
CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

TARKHOV, Ye, N.

Some results of paleomagnetic investigations in the western part of the Soviet Union. Geomag. i aer. 5 no.1:134-140 Ja-F '65.

(MIRA 18:4)

l. Institut zemnogo magnetizma, ionosfery i rasprostraneniya radiovoln AN SSSR, Leningradskoye otdeleniye.

TARKHOV, Ye.N.

Rules for plotting archeomagnetic curves. Geomag. i aer. 4 no.5: 924-927 S-0 '64. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Institut zemnogo magnetizma, ionosfery i rasprostraneniya radio-voln AN SSSR, Leningradskoye otdeleniye.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

Tarkhov, Ye. S. and Matsepuro, M. Ya. - "On the problem of the selection of grain-drying equipment", (Certain results of investigations of grain-drying equipment under laboratory-agricultural conditions), Izvestiya Akad. nauk BSSR, 1949, No. 2, p. 19-32.

SO: U-411, 17 July 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 20, 1949).

VOL'KENSHTEYN, A.A., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; TARKHOVA, A.A., inzhener

New photometer track. Svetotekhnika 1 no.1:19-21 F '55. (MIRA 8:9)

1. Gosudarstvennyy opticheskiy institut
(Photometry)

LOGUNOV, L.A., TARKHOVA, I.P.

Dependence of the parameters of converted diodes on the admixture concentration in initial germanium. Radiotekh. i elektron. 9 no.1:181-182 Ja '64. (MIRA 17:3)

BOGINA, S.L., red.; TARKHOVA, K.Ye., tekhn. red.

[Recommendations for operational planning in construction organizations] Rekomendatsii po operativnomu planirovaniiu v stroitel'nykh organizatsiiakh. Moskva, Gosstroiizdat, 1963. 19 p. (MIRA 16:9)

TARKHOVA, M.A.; CHESHIKHINA, K.G.

Cretaceous intrusions of the central Dzhugdzkur Range. Trudy VAGT no.7:103-111 '61. (MIRA 14:7) (Dzhugdzhur Range-Rocks, Igneous)

ZLENKO, N.D.; TARKHOVA, M.A.

Problem of the unified nomerclature of effusive and vein rocks.

Izv.AN SSSR. Ser.geol. 26 no.1:96-98 Ja *61. (MIRA 15:6)

(Rocks, Igneous—Nomenclature)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CLA-ROPSG-00513R001755010015-6"

TARKHOVA, M. S. Saratov Scientific Research Veterinary Experimental Station
"Testing of formalin and ammargen in piroplasmosis of horses."

S0: Veterinariia 24(3) 1947 p. 25

TARKHOVA, M.S., kand.veterinarnykh nauk

Infection of animals by a nonspecific type of the causative agent of tuberculosis. Sbor.nauch.rab.Sar.NIVS 4:44-45 *60. (MIRA 15:7) (Tuberculosis in animals)

TARKHOVA, M.S., kand. veterinarnykh nauk

Eradication of tuberculosis on livestock farms. Sbor.nauch.rab.

Sar.NIVS 4:49-51 *60. (MIRA 15:7)

(Tuberculosis in animals)

PERTSOVSKIY, A.I.; TARKHOVA, N.V.

Methodology for the determination of 17-oxycorticosteroids in the blood plasma. Lab. delo no.3:153-155 165.

l. Institut meditsinskoy klimatologii i klimatoterapii im. I.M. Sechenova, Yalta.

Crystal structure of milarite. N. V. Belov and T. N. Tarkhova. Politady. 18ad. Nauk. S.N.S. R. 60, 4855 S. Crispose Milarite, K.C., He, Al. Su, O_{20} , is characterized by the Si(O tatio ≈ 2.05 , which is the same as in the later structures of tale and micas, but it is different in its plive properties. From rotation diagrams: $d_{20} \approx 10^{-14} t_{10} \approx 10^{-2} t_{10} \approx 10$

2 mods in the elementary cell. Intensities and Patterson analysis verified the independent parameters of the structure. The coordinates are: $(2)K^*$ in x = 0; y = 0; z = 1/2; $(4)Ca^{0}$ in x = 9/2; y = 2/2; z = 1/2; $(24)Ca^{0}$ in x = 0; y = 1/2; z = 1/2; $(24)Ca^{0}$ in x = 0 in x

PASHEVA, Z.P.: TARKHOVA, T.N.

Crystal structure of milarite. Doklady Akad. Hauk S.S.S.R. 88, 807-10 '53. (CA 47 no.22:12139 '53) (MLRA 6:2)

Category: USSR/Solid State Physics - Solid State Theory. Geometric

E-2

Crystallography

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957 No 3680

: Belov, N.V., Tarkhova, T.N.

: Institute of Crystallography, Academy of Sciences USSR Cor'kiy Inst

University, USSR

Title : Color Symmetry Groups

Orig Pub: Kristallografiya, 1956, 1, No 1, 4-13

Abstract : Description of a new method of obtaining 46 infinite flat two-color groups of symmetry by selecting from among the 230 Fedorov groups

those which produce from a single initial symmetric figure derivatives that are located only in two levels. The corresponding symmetry elements will be 21, 42, 63, c, n, and the Bravet lattices A, B, J, F. The new derivation of 46 two-color groups is compared with others. The extension of the new principle of the derivation to groups containing symmetry elements 31, 32, 61, 65, 62, 64, d, and the Bravet lattice R has made it possible to establish 15 colored Fedorov groups of symmetry. On the basis of the theory of the Bravet lattice, and explanation is given for

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Category : USSR/Solid State Physics - Solid State Theory. Geometric

Crystallegraphy

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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizike, No 2, 1957 No 3680

the existence of non-crystallographic colored groups with 5, 7, and more colors for the case of the low syngonies.

Card

: 2/2

TARK. HOVA, T.N

Category: USSR/Solid State Physics - Structural Crystallography

E-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957 No 3703

Author : Belov, N.V., Tarkhova, T.N.

: Institute of Crystallography, Academy of Sciences USSR Inst

Title : On Stripping Methods of Calculating the Fourier Synthesis in Structural

Analysis of Crystals

Orig Pub : Kristallografiya, 1956, 1, No 1, 132-136

Abstract : The use of the complements to 100 in ordinary strips instead of negative numbers makes it possible to replace the addition and substraction operation with addition alove. New types of strips are described, and a scheme is given for obtaining any strip with the agis divided into 60 parts,

and also tables for the cosine and sine strips for h from 1 to 30 and for the amplitude 100, and which tables it is possible to obtain new strips

for any amplitude.

Card : 1/1 APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

BELOV, N.V.; TARKHOVA, T.N.

Nomographic calculation of structure factors. Kristallografiia 1 no.2:235-238 '56. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Institut kristallografii Akademii nauk SSSR, Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet. (Grystallography) (Nomography (Mathematics) Category: USSR/Solid State Physics - Solid State Theory. Geometric E-2

ELECTRONICAL ELECTRONICA PROPERTIES DE LA CONTRACTOR DE L

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizike, No 3, 1957, No 6502

Author : Belov, N.V., Tarkhove, T.N.

: Institute of Crystellography, Academy of Sciences, USSR Inst Titlo

1 On the 48-Sided Folyhedron Group.

Orig Fub : Kristallografiyz, 1956, 1, No 3, 360-361

Abstract: Difficulties are involved in the determination of the product of symmetrical operations of retery and mirror-retery exes on obliquely-located mirror symmetry surfaces in point groups. This report proposes a simple method for finding such products, using a 48-sided polyhedron as an example. For each face of the polyhedron, the schemetic diagram given for the 48-sided polyhedron shows the indices and the specific unitary operation, with which a given face is obtained from

Card : 1/1

BELOV, N.V.; TARKHOVA, T.N.

Correction to the article "Color symmetry groups." Kristallografiia (MLRA 10:2)

1. Institut kristallografii AN SSSR; Gor'kovskiy Gosudarstvennyy universitet im. N.I. Lobachevskogo. (Crystallography) CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6*

BELOV, N.V.; TARKHOVA, T.N.

Color-group symmetry. Kristallografiia 1 no.6:619-620 (MLRA 10:5)

1. Institut kristallografii AN SSSR i Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

(Crystals--Models)

Belov, N.V., Belova, Ye.N. and Tarkhova, T.N. AUTHORS:

Further on the Colour Symmetry Groups (Yeshche o TITIE:

gruppakh tsvetnoy simmetrii)

PERIODICAL: Kristallogafiya, 1958, Vol 3, Nr 5, pp 618-620 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Diagrams of the 15-colour symmetry groups which were given in Kristallografiya, 1957, Vol 2, p 21 can be improved slightly. The designation of the group I 41

is altered to I $4_1(4_3)$ and its relationship to the

packing of squares, each of symmetry P41, is illustrated.

New diagrams are given showing the symmétries of the groups I 41md and Fdd2 better than those published

There are 18 figures and 5 Soviet references. previously.

Institut kristallografii AN SSSR ASSOCIATION:

(Institute of Crystallography of the Ac.Sc.USSR)

July 11, 1958 SUBMITTED:

Card 1/1

24.7100

78110

SOV/70-5-1-19/30

AUTHORS:

Belov, N. V., Tarkhova, T. N.

TITLE:

Cayley Squares for Cubic Point Groups. Brief

Communications

PERIODICAL:

Kristallografiya, 1960, Vol 5, Nr 1, pp 129-134 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The Cayley squares for point groups 432 and m3 of cubic system are compiled in a four-page table to assist theoreticians in crystallography; also simplified designations for symmetry operations used in the table are explained. A reference is made to a letter by F. Tayona (Brazil) stating that he was

in the table are explained. A reference is made to a letter by E. Tavora (Brazil) stating that he was the first who emphasized great significance of Cayley squares in crystallography. The figures for point group 43m can easily be obtained from the table for 432 by substituting 4 and m for 4 and 2, respectively. Similarly, point groups m3 and 23 differ only because of the occurrence of two-fold rotor in the latter instead of the rotary inverter

Card 1/3

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Cayley Squares for Cubic Point Groups. Brief Communications

78110 SOV/70-5-1-19/30

of the former; consequently, the Cayley squares for the the latter can be derived from those of the former by substituting 2 for m (2). The relationship between the groups concerned is illustrated in Fig. 1. In any event, a rotary inverter and rotor occupy identical positions. Cubic crystals can have neither six-fold rotor nor rotary inverter. There

is 1 figure; and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION:

Gor'kiy State University imeni N. I. Lobachevskiy (Gor'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni

N. I. Lobachevskogo)

SUBMITTED:

September 11, 1959

Card 2/3

Cayley Squares for Cubic Point Groups. Brief Communications

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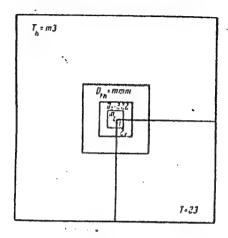


Fig. 1.

Card 3/3

TARKHOVA, T.N.; BIYUSHKIN, V.N.; BALAKINA, L.M.

Labyrinth trap for scattered X rays. Zav.lab. 30 no.3:373-374 (MIRA 17:4)

1. Gor'kovskiy issledovatel'skiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut.

TARKHOVA, YELI ZAVETA, L'VOVAR

TARKHOVA, Yelisaveta L'vovan

[Typhoid peritonitis requiring imediate surgery] Heotloshnaia

[Typhoid peritonitis requiring imediate surgery] Keotloshnaia

[Kiphoid peritonitis requiring imediate surgery] Keotloshnaia

[Kiphoid peritonitis requiring imediate surgery] Keotloshnaia

[Kiphoid peritonitis requiring imediate surgery] Keotloshnaia

(TYPHOID FEVER) (PERITONITIS)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

TARKHOVA, Xu.N.

Materials on the internal variability of the sculpin Paracottus (Leocottus) kessleri (Dybowski). Krat.soob. BKNII no.3:101-115 (MIRA 16:5) (Sculpin)

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

TARKHTMAN, Ya.N. (Moskva)

How to show health education filmotrips. Fel'd. i akush. 21 no.6: 39-41 Je '56.: (MIEA 9:9)

(MOTION PICTURES IN MEDICINE)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

GAYOEROV, S.S.; KHROIAN, A.Kh., redaktor; TARKHUNOVA, V.I., redaktor; KRIGMAN, Yu.V., tekhnicheskiy redaktor.

[Aerological observations on the drifting station "North Pole - 4" in 1955-56] Aerologicheskie nabliudeniia na dreifuiushchei stantsii "Severnyi polius-4" v 1955-56 g. Moskva, Gidrometeor. izd-vo (Otd-nie), 1957. 44 p. (TSentral'naia aerologicheskaia observatoriia. Trudy, no.18).

(Atmosphere) (Arctic regions)

Approximation of the control of the

SORKINA, A.I.; KRYLOV, Yu.M., red.; TARKHUNOVA, V.I., red.; ZARKH, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Plotting wind-field maps for seas and oceans] Postroenie kart vetrovykh polei dlia morei i okeanov. Moskva, Gidrometeor. 12d-vo, 1958. 73p. (Moscow. Gosudarstvennyi okeanograficheskii institut. Trudy. no.44)

(Meteorology, Maritime-Charts, diagrams, etc.) (Winds)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

352

Tsentral'nyy institut prognozov Moscow.

Tsentral nomu institutu prognozov (Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting) Moscow, Gidrometeoizdat (Otdeleniye) 1957. 70 p. (Series: Its Trudy, vyp. 55) XX let 1,200 copies printed.

Sponsoring Agency: Glavnoye upravleniye gidrometeorologicheskoy sluzhby pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR.

Ed. (title page): Kashin, I.I.; Ed. (inside book): Tarkhunova, V.I.; Mayorov, V.V. Tech. Ed.:

PURPOSE: The collection of articles is intended for employees of the meteorological service as well as for those interested in the activities of the Central Institute of Forecasting.

COVERAGE: The collection commemorates the twentieth anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting and mentions the leading scientists and their fields of interest.

Card 1/17

##ROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting (352)

TABLE OF . CONTENTS:

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Kashin, K.I. Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting

The author surveys the development of scientific endeavor in the field of synoptic meteorology in connection with the twentieth anniversary of the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting (TsIP). The Institute was created in January 1936 at the Central Weather Bureau (TsBP) in Moscow. In 1943, the dynamic meteorology division was transferred from the jurisdiction of the Central Geophysical Observatory to that of the Institute of Weather forecasting. From 1938 the Institute has been engaged in research on casting. baric topography. The following personalities are mentioned with their main fields of interest: Asknaziy, A.I.; Khromov, S.P.; Klemin, I.A.; and Dyubyuk, A.F. investigated air mass movements and atmospheric circulation including front analysis; Zubyan, G.D.; Dubentsov, V.R.; Batyayeva, T.F.; Pogosyan, Kh. P.; Taborovskiy, N.L.; and Peterenko, N.V. investigated the composition of baric

Card 2/17

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting 352

topography maps; Kuznetsov, Ye. S.; Usbenskiy, B.D.; and Vetlov, I.P. investigated changes in pressure and baric field forecasting; Morskoy, G.I.; Lebedeva, N.V.; and Orlova, Ye. N. investigated vertical air currents; Pchelko, I.G. investigated aviation meteorology; Zak, Ye. G.; Abramovich, K.G.; Gogoleva, Ye. I.; Bachurina, A.A.; Turketti, Z.L.; and Cherkasskaya, V.M. investigated cloudiness and precipitation; Kpichak O.G.; Bugayev, V.A.; and Dzhordzio, V.A. investigated types of sympotic processes; Dmitriyeva, G.V. investigated forsts; Bel'skaya, N.N. and Tomashevich, L.V. investigated cyclones; Blinova, Ye.N.; investigated hydrodynamic methods of forecasting; Mashkovich, S.A. investigated climatic conditions in the Northern Hemisphere; Musayelyan, Sh.A.; Bykov, V.V.; and Dobryshman, Ye. M. investigated the effect of topography on atmospheric processes; Luzhnaya, N.N.; Mertsalova, A.N.; Nikitina, Ye.A.; Samoylov, A.I.; and Chernova, V.F. investigated short-term weather forecasting; Pagava, S.T.; Mul'tanovskiy, B.P.; Borisova, Ye.I.; Blyumina, L.I.; Kist, M.A.; Tsepkanova, Ye. I.; and Shishkova, V.G. investigated long-term forecasting; Aristov, N.A.;

Card 3/17

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting 352

Nekrasov, V.P.; Ped', D.A.; Khrabrov, Yu.B.; and Shtabova, A.I. investigated synoptic forecasting in general; Kats, A.L.; Kurganskaya, V.M.; and Semenov, V.G. investigated atmospheric macroprocesses; Gritsenko, M.V. (a woman) investigated forest fires and preventive forecasting; Apollov, B.A.; Bregman, G.R.; Komarov, V.D.; Nikitin, V.L.; Pivarelis, V.P.; Belinkov, S. Yu.; Gurevich, Ye. M.; Kazantsev, B.P.; Kalinin, G.P.; Kuz'min, P.P.; Makarova, T.T.; Piotrovich, V.V.; and Popov, Ye. G. investigated hydrology and hydrological forecasting; Sapozhnikov, V.I.; Zmiyeva, Ye. S.; Parshin, V.N.; Salov, M.S.; Bagrov, N.A.; and Velikanov, M.A. investigated the hydrography of spring floods; Darman, Z.I.; Istoshina, O.A.; Milyukov, P.I.; Somov, N.V.; Kharshan, Sh. A.; Vazhnov, A.N.; and Podvishenskaya, N.Ya. investigated river discharge and its forecasting; Ginzburg, B.M. Komarov, V.D.; Savchenkova, Ye.I.; and Shulyakovskiy, L.G. investigated ice conditions; Somov, M.M. (one-time chief of an Antarctic expedition); Ovchinnikov, I.G. (perished in Antartica); and Vize, V. Yu. investigated conditions in polar regions; Belinskiy, N.A.; Kalinin, G.P.; Karakash, A.I.; Ivanov, G.S.; Sauksan, Ye. M.;

Card 4/17

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting 352

Glagoleva, M.G.; Kan, S.I.; and Tyutnev, Ya.A. investigated forecasting at sea; Shigolev, A.A; Verigo, S.A.; Razumova, L.A.; Mastinskaya, S.B.; Kulik, M.S.; Tsuberbiller, Ye.A.; Moiseychik, V.A.; Ulanova, Ye.S.; Protserov, A.V; and Ventskevich, G.Z. investigated agro-meteorology. Other personalities mentioned are: Skvortsov, V.N., chief of the radio-meteorological center; Shchetko, S.K., chief of the meteorlogical reports processing division; and Sagatovskiy, N.V., in charge of preparing the Trudy of the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting for print. Pchelko, I.G. has been in charge of the division of aviation meteorology organized at the Institute of Weather Forecasting in 1948. The division works on the improvement of meteorological services for aviation. Considerable progress was made in the field of short-term forecasting: in 1955 the percentage of correct forecasting amounted to 78 percent as against only 58 percent in 1936. There are no references.

Pchelko, I.G. Twenty Years of Scientific Research at the Institute on Developing a Methodology of Short-term and Long-term Weather Forecasting

Card 5/17

12

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting 3

352

The article relates the history and summarizes the achievements of weather forecasting in the USSR since 1930, when the Central Weather Bureau was organized in Moscow. Research in weather forecasting has been conducted by the following branches of the Institute: dynamic meteorology, synoptic meteorology, aviation meteorology, and long-term and short-term prediction. In shortterm forecasting, extensive study was made of the methodology of forecasting low cloudiness and the vertical thickness of clouds and special consideration was given to the needs of aviation. Precipitation forecasting was developed during World War II and was led by Zverev, A.S., Turketti, Z.L., Bachurin, A.A., Lebedeva, N.V., Orlova, Ye.M., Cherkasskaya, V.M., Mertsalov, A.N., etc. In 1954-55 the staff of the Institute issued a manual for shortterm weather predictions. Research work in long-term forecasting led by Blinova, Ye.I., Kheyfets, Ya. M., Mashkovich, S.A., Monin, A.S., Dobryshman, Ye. M., and others was less outstanding. The long-term prediction branch of the Institute worked mainly on air circulation problems and on the evolution of baric fields. Blinova, Ye. I. worked out a mathematical formula for predicting the field of pressure 10-20 hours in advance. There are no references.

Card 6/17

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting 352 Khrabrov, Yu. B. Twenty Years of Synoptic Research at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting 23

The article deals with the history of the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting, the early history of the Central Weather Bureau, and especially with the beginnings of synoptic research. In 1933 the Weather Bureau began its publication of the Yezhednevnyy sinopticheskiy byulleten (Daily Synoptic Bulletin), and two years later published the first manual on the subject. It was compiled by Khromov, S.P., under the title Vvedeniye v sinopticheskiy analiz (Introduction to Synoptic Analysis). After the Institute of Weather Forecasting was created at the Weather Bureau in 1936, the number of organizations using the weather forecasting services reached 130. In 1937 systematic work in the analysis of baric topography was begun. At that time the newly founded Institute employed 83 scientists. During World War II the Institute served the armed forces and the Daily Bulletin was published exclusively for the needs of the Soviet General Staff. Among other things, the Institute took over the task of serving the Newfoundland-Iceland-Murmansk air-route (1943) and of keeping the Soviet Navy and the

Card 7/17

352 lend-lease authorities informed of meteorological conditions. After the War the Daily Bulletin went back to servicing civilian needs and forecasting was done again on a regional basis and not for the war fronts. The Vechernyaya Moskva (Evening Moscow News), and the Posledniye izvestiya po radio (Late Radio News) began regular publication of weather reports for the Moscow area. Recently the short-term forecasting service started announcing weather conditions 15 hours in advance. The following scientists are mentioned in connection with short-term forecasting: Mertsalova, A.N.; Nikitina, Ye. A.; Cherkasskaya, V.M.; Dmitriyeva, G.V.; and Gayevskaya, O.V. Since 1952 the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting has been compiling monthly forecasts of temperature anomalies by the hydrodynamic method as elaborated by Blinova, Ye. N. Among the long-term forecasting service personnel the author mentions Borisova, Ye. I.; Borisova, L.G.; Blyumina, L.I.; Kist, M. Ya.; Kats, A.L.; Semenova, V.G.; Tsepkanova, Ye. I.; Shishkova, V.G.; and Ur'yeva, B.R. There are no references.

Card 8/17

352

Kalinin, G.P. Methods of Forecasting Water Conditions
Developed at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting 35

The article is devoted to the problem of hydrological prognosis in Soviet Russia. The first Soviet hydrological service was attached to the Central Weather Bureau in Moscow in 1930, with Nikitin, V.L.; Mashkevich, O.T.; Martselli, M.I.; Troitekiy, V.A.; Apollov, B.A. as the leading scientists. In 1938 a division of hydrological prognosis was organized at the State Hydrological Institute. The chief scientists were: Belinkov, S Yu.; Bregman, G.R.; Gurevich, M.I.; Voskresenskiy, K.P.; and L'vovich, M.I. As a result of their research an empirical relationship was established between hydrometeorological factors and water conditions. The following tasks were set before the hydrologists: (1) To use the water-level balance for hydrological prognosis (Apollov, B.A.) (2) To apply the isochrone method of hydrological predictions (Velikanov, M.A.) (3) To explore runoff and volume of discharge (Bernadskiy, N.M.) (4) To establish areas of

Card 9/17

352

simultaneous snow-thawing (Davydov, L.K.) (5) To compile background prognoses (fonovyye prognozy). Research in these branches is still decentralized and the author of the article urges a reform. Eighty percent of long-term predictions of hydrological conditions and 90-95 percent of the short-term predictions were justified. In 1955, the following short-term prognostics were issued regularly: monthly and quarterly flow to larger hydroelectric power plants; volume of spring floods; maximum spring levels and maximum water discharge; monthly minima in navigable rivers; monthly water discharge in rivers feeding irrigation schemes, average water discharge during the final growth period in rivers feeding irrigation schemes; monthly minimum and maximum levels of the Danube; freezing of rivers and reservoirs. Today there are 1,336 hydrological stations and posts and 2,250 snow observation posts in the USSR, of which 1,300 stations supply daily telegraphic data on hydrological conditions to the Central Institute of Weather Forecasts. Over 1,000 clients are on the mailing list of the Institute, 220 of which regularly receive the hydrological bulletin. There are no references.

Card 10/17

Shulyakovskiy, L.G. Methods for Forecasting Ice Conditions on Rivers Developed at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting

42

World War II provided an incentive for the organization of systematic studies of ice condition forecasting, and in 1942 the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting initiated a program of forecasting ice conditions on rivers, i.e., appearance of ice, freezing and thawing. At this stage research was supervised by Bregman, G.R., and Vangengeym, G.Ya. The article includes a survey of various methods developed since 1942. Verifications have shown that 82 to 95 percent of predictions were correct. In the field of long-term forecasting the leading scientists are: Vinogradova, N.F.; Ginzburg, B.M.; Savchenkova, Ye.I.; Piotrovich, V.V.; Konovodov, B.P. The short-term forecasting program is conducted by Chizhov, O.P.; Bulatov, S.N.; Balashova, I.V.; Busurina, V.M.; Yefremova, N.D.; and Shishkina, N. Ya. There are no references.

Card 11/17

352

Twentieth Anniversary of the Central Institute of Forecasting

Belinskiy, N.A. Methods of Marine Hydrometeorological Forecasting Developed at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting

48

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A methodology of forecasting the degree of sea turbulence was elaborated after World War II by Shuleykin, V.V.;
Brovikov, I.S.; Titov, L.F.; Krylov, Yu. M., and Ivanov, A.A. Special attention was paid to conditions in the Arctic region and to the fluctuation of water levels in the estuaries of Soviet rivers. Among other things under study by the Institute are changes in the water level of the Caspian Sea and temperature and ice conditions of Soviet seas in general. The author surveys the work done in each of the aforementioned and related fields. He urges an increase in the bulk of short-term predictions and complains that the verification of predictions of ice conditions in seas still shows a high percentage of error. The author mentions his own book on marine forecasting, Morskiye gidrometeorologicheskiye informatsii i prognozy (Marine Hydrometeorological Information and Forecasting) the second of which appeared in 1956. The following scientists of the Moscow

Card 12/17

Hydrometeorological Institute (MGMI) are mentioned: Shuleykin, V.V., Velikanov, M.A., Sretenskiy, L.K., Kuznetsov, Ye. S., Subov, N.N., Bliznyak, Ye. V., Khromov, S.P., Apollov, B.A., and Orlov, B.P. Other hydrometeorologists mentioned are: Karakash, J.I. (Baku), Popov-Vvedenskiy, A.Ya. (White Sea), Kondrat'yev, L.I. and Kondrat'yeva, Ye. A. (ice conditions), Kalinin, G.P. of the State Hydrological Institute (GGI) working on Caspian Sea problems, Maryutin, T.P. (Arkhangel'sk), Ivanov, G.S. (Leningral floods), Istoshin, Yu.V. (ice conditions in the Sea of Japan), Vize V. Yu. (pioneer in the prognostic of ice conditions), Nazarov, V.S. (ice conditions), Somov, M.M., Kan, S.I. (Caspian Sea and Sea of Azov), Lagutin, B.L. (Sea of Azov), Vasil'yev, K.P. (Sea of Azov), Sidel'nikova, T.M., Kalinin, G.P. (sea water levels), "yutnev, Ya. A. (air temperature and moisture), Komarov, V.D., Mileyko, G.N. (Barents Sea), Shulyakovskiy, L.G., Sauskan, Ye. M., Nikiforov, P.P. There are no references.

Card 13/17

Kontorshchikov, A.S. Scientific-research in Agrometeorology at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting, 1936-56

57

The author summarizes Soviet achievements in the field of agrometeorology and includes some history in his narrative. The fundamentals of the study of hydrometeorology for farm needs were laid down under the imperial regime. Scattered efforts were finally centralized in 1932 under the Gidrometsluzhba (Hydrometeorological Service) in the newly founded agrohydrometeorological institute. Their work was taken over and continued by the division of agrometeorology at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting which was founded in 1936, the twentieth anniversary of which is mentioned in the article. Studies in the field of agrometeorology are also conducted by the All-Union Institute of Crop Cultivation (Vsesoyuznyy institut rasteniyevodstva). The Institute of Weather Forecasting has recently organized extensive research into the problems of moisture and freezing of soil (led by Verigo, S.A., and Razumova, L.A.). The author describes in detail the essence of agrometeorology and phenology and work accomplished: (1) characterization of productive moisture available in the regions

Card 14/17

of protective afforestation (2) analysis of the process of moisture formation and the best method of predicting moisture reserves and water reserves for grain crops (3) estimation of water supply for new afforestation areas (4) agricultural hydrological forecasting of quantities and times of irrigation (5) a study of agroclimatological conditions in virgin lands. To promulgate the campaign, a group of agrometeorologists compiled a book on the subject, published as Agroklimaticheskiye i vodnyye resursy rayonov osvoyeniya tselinnykh i zalezhnykh żemel' (Agroclimatic and Water Resources of Virgin and Fallow Lands). Other publications of recent origin mentioned in the article are: Rukovodstvo po sostavleniyu fenologicheskikh prognozov (Manual of Phenological Prognostics) and Sel'skokhozyaystvennaya meteorologiya (Agrometeorology); the latter book is by Ventskevich, G.Z. Between 1945 and 1951, the Institute of Forecasting issued annual reports on the progress of agrometeorological studies. The following scientists are mentioned: Shibolev, A.A.; Pavlova, Ye. S.; Sinel'shchikov, V.V. Protserov, A.V.; Okushko, A.A.; Mogileva, A.M.; Kontorshchikova, O.M.; Gurevich, T.V.; Fedorov, A.V.; Berezin, G.S.; Karasev, N.K.

Card 15/17

Mastinskaya, S.B.; Tsuberbiller, Ye.A.; Belukhina, G.V.; Polyakov, B.V.; Skvortsov, A.A.; Lorkh, A.G.; Ponomarev, B.P.; Popovskaya, O.M.; Zubarev, N.A.; Rudnev, V.M.; Shashina, Ye.I.; Ulanova, Ye. S.; Moiseychik, V.A.; Kulik, M.S.; Gulinova, N.V.; Domanina, O.V.; Kachayeva, O.L.; Kirilcheva, K.V.

Protserov, A.V. Agrometeorological Service for Agriculture
During the Last Twenty Years 64

The author surveys the results of research aimed at the establishment of water resources for individual crops and at finding ways for increasing yields. The first agrometeorological prognostics were published in 1940. The author discusses some of the early attempts and methods used up to 1948, when a special division of farm meteorology was organized at the Central Institute of Weather Forecasting. The attention of the personnel of this new division was turned towards methodology of evaluating and predicting water resources and especially towards long-term weather forecasting. The article does not describe any of the

Card 16/17

recently tested methods. The Institute continues to issue its
Bulletin on agrometeorology each decade (no precise title is given)
and it publishes reference booklets (referred to as "spravki") on
individual problems, and since 1952 also the periodical
Agrometeorologicheskiye osobennosti minuvshey dekady, which appears
every 10 days and thus in a way competes with the aforementioned
Bulletin. The following scientists are mentioned: Shigolev, A.A.;
Aleksandrov, V.A; Razumova, L.A.; Verigo, S.A.; Mastinskaya,
S.B.; Zubarev, N.A.; Peregudov, N.V.; Selyaninov, G.T.;
Koloskov, P.I.; Babushkin, L.N.; Mogileva, A.M.; Okushko, A.A.;
Moiseychik, V.A.; Ulanova, Ye.S.; Petunin, I.M.; Sapozhnikova,
S.A.; Savzdarg, S.F.; Kulik, M.S.; Tsuberbiller, Ye. A. There
are at present some 1,000 agrometeorological stations (or posts)
in the USSR. There are no references.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

(QC 851.M64 v.55)

Card 17/17

MM/ksv 7/1/58 ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF

VILENSKIY, Ya.G.; GLUKHOVSKIY, B.Kh.; YUSHCHAK, A.A., nauchnyy red.; PERLOVSKAYA, A.D., red.; TARKHUNOVA, V.I., red.; ZARKH, I.M., tekhn.red.

[Wind waves in the ocean; results of research and observational data on wave elements and winds in the northern part of the Atlantic Ocean] Vetrovoe volnenie v okeane; rezul'taty issledovanii i materialy nabliudenii nad elementami voln i vetrom v severnoi chasti Atlanticheskogo okeana. Moskva, Gidrometeor.izd-vo (otd-nie), 1961. 102 p. (Moscow. Gosudarstvennyi okeanograficheskii institut. Trudy, no.62). (Atlantic Ocean--Waves)

nursday, September 26, 2002 CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

KIRILLOV, I. F., nauchnyy sotrudnik; RYBNIKOV, A.A., nauchnyy sotrudnik; NAZAROV, V.S., red.; TARKHUNOVA, V.I., red.; ZEMTSOVA, T.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Hydrometeorological observations on research and scouting ships of the "Slava" Antartic Whaling Fleet in 1958-1959] Gidrometeorologicheskie nabliudeniia na nauchno-poiskovykh sudakh AKF "Slava" v 1958-1959 g. Moskva, Gidrometeor. izd-vo (otdelenie), 1961. v 1958-1959 g. Moskva, Gidrometeor. izd-vo (otdelenie), 1961. 77 p. (Moscow. Gosudarstvennyi okeanograficheskii institut. Trudy, no.60)

1. Gosudarstvennyy okeanograficheskiy institut.
(Antarctic regions—Meteorology—Observations)
(Antarctic regions—Oceanographic research)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

PCHELKO, Ivan Grigor'yevich; TARKHUNOVA, V.I., red.; ZARKH, I.M., tekhn. red.

与1970年的1974年的中国中国共和国国际的1976年的1976

[Aerial synoptic conditions of airplane bumping in upper layers of the troposphere and the low stratosphere] Aerosinopticheskie usloviia boltanki samoletov v verkhnikh sloiakh troposfery i nizhnei stratosfere. Moskva, Gidrometeoizdat, 1962. 92 p. (MIRA 15:7)

(Atmospheric turbulence) (Airplanes—Stability)

TARKIEWICZ, Stanislaw

Comparative studies on peritoneal fluid and peripheral blood picture in cattle in hepatic fascioliasis. Wiadomosci parazyt., Warsz. 4 no.5-6: 439-440; Engl transl. 440-441 1958.

1. Z Katedry Chorob Wewnetrznych Wyds. Wet., WSR,w Lublinie. (DISTOMIASIS.

hepatic, blood picture, comparison with peritoneal fluid in cattle (Pol))

(CATTIM, diseases,

hepatic fascicliasis, blood picture, comparison with peritoneal fluid (Pol))

(BLOOD CELLS,

count, in hepatic fascioliasis, comparison with peritoneal fluid in cattle (Pol))

(PERITONEUM,

fluid in hepatic, fascioliasis, comparison with blood picture in cattle (Pol))

Physice-chemical and microscopic properties of the peritonsal fluid in cattle in hepatic fascioliasis. Wiadomosci parazyt., Warsz. 4 no.5-6: 443-444; Engl. transl. 444 1958.

1. Z Katedry Chorob Wewnetrznych Wyds. Wet., WSR w Lublinie.

(PERITONEUM, fluid in hepatic fascioliasis in cattle, physice-chem. & microscopy (Pol))

(CATTIE, diseases,

hepatic fascioliasis, peritoneal fluid in (Pol))

(DISTONIASIS,

hepatic, peritoneal fluid physico-chem. & microscopic properties in cattle (Pol))

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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TARKIEWICZ, S. (Lublin)

An attempt to elaborate a method of early diagnosis of Reticulitis traumatica in cattle. Rocz nauk roln wet 70 no.1/4:94-95 *60.

(REAI 10:9)

(Cattle) (Reticulitis)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

-TARKIEWICZ, STANISLAW

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Poland

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation:

Source: Warsaw, Medycyna Weterynaryjna, Vol XVII, No 6, June 1961, pp 327-330 Data: "Leptospirosis in Dogs."

TARKIEWICZ, Stanislaw, docent dr., Faculty of Internal Medicine (Katedra Chorob Wewnetrznych), Veterinary Division (Wydzial Weterynaria tedra Choron Wewnetrznych), Veterinary Division (Wydział Weterynaria College of Agriculture (WSR--Wyzsza Szkola Rolnicza), Lublin; Director: Prof. Zdzisław FINIK, Dr. KRAKCWIAK. Teresa, /presumed/ Department of Anthropozoonosis (Zakład Antropozonoz), Institute of Occupational Medicine and Agricultural Hygiene (Instytut Medycyny Pracy i Higieny Wsi), /location not given/; Director: Prof. Jozef PARMAS, Dr. KOZICKA, /Anna

TARKIEWICZ. Stanislaw

SURNAME, Given Names

Country: Poland

Academic Degrees: Docent dr. Department of Animal Internal Diseases (Katedra Chorob Wewnetrznych

Affiliation: Zwierzat), Veterinary Division (Wydzial Weterynarii), Higher Agricultural School (WSR -- Wyzsza Szkola Rolnicza) Lublin; Director: Prof. Zdzislaw

FINIK, dr. Smuroux

XBxxxx Source: Warsaw, Medycyna Weterynaryjna, Vol XVII, No 9, September 1961, pp 525-529

Data: "Further Studies on the Therapeutic Effect of Hypertonic Solution of Glusose in the Treatment of Acute Faunder in the Horse

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THINK | E-V | C = 5. -GIA-KDP86-00513K001755010015-6 Margar. Tobservations on the Use of the Yactime 'R' Against Notate the Date of Entle in Infracted Florit, Jordan III. and the beat Billed of the Clinic for Infractions Missages (Kinsian Cherob Inkanysh) of the Chair for Missages (Aracter apinesticized) of the Sont at these (Aracters Frof. Nr. S. Filovincini); pp 187-189. "hateria S. galifarne pullerem in Reg Mass," Mass CLAMINITE of the belondare Veterinary Mcziere Recepta Office (Wjewiaki Zaled Elgisty Westyna-ryynajias Gassa (Direster: Dr. Adam CLAMOVSKI); pp 19-150. "Plagellate in the Ferm of Leptemenas in the Elood of Degs," Jersy PRINCESS of the Pathological Antemy Research Office (Exilary Salance (Vydial Veterymanni) of the SCH at Marany Salance (Vydial Veterymanni) of the SCH at Marany Salance terf. Br. Balleder SINSTONEER); pp 144-157. "Magnetic Sanda-self the Highes, Links," in the free and Probatics of Trainants Rediculities in Carticle Standard Rediculities in Carticle Standard Rediculities of Theorems Housest (Trainant Sandard Formatty) of the Sandard Redict Responsibility of Veterlandy Salames (Vydick Responsibility of Veterlandy Salames (Vydick Responsibility of Rediction (VSR) at Lania (Birester: Fref. Dr. Milalaw FIRE) pp Plesseeming in Cattle," Indoors ZILINSKI; 131-137. Preserts Shocks in Veterinary Fraction," Nicosyslav princingnosis of the Wejeredity Excellents (Vi. Wejeredit inrad) of Siets Agricultum Principals (Fig. Parktwown Gespedarstwa Noine) at Sietsa Gera; pp. 162-154. Theting the Use of Bouillen with TTC (2, 3, 5 forma-mailsm chloride) for the Decemination of the Thre-of M. Cali in Sample of Milk Witeslaw CLTSKI of the Wejewedster Sanitation and Buideminioridal Sta-tion (Wejewedster Stadja Sanitation-Spideminiorida) Sta-stan (Wejewedster Stadja Sanitation-Spideminiorida) and the Municipal Vejezingty Research (Miss-and the Municipal Vejezingty Research (Miss-oki Zakind Wessymarii) at Ledas pp 331-337. Hedroria Meterratrina, Tel 18, No J. March 1962. 5

TARKO, L.M., inzhener.

The design of springs used in spring hammers. [Trudy] MVTU no.42: (NIRA 9:5)

(Springs (Mechanism))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

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TARKO, L.M., inshener.

Determining natural vibration frequency in springs used for spring motors. [Trudy] MVTU no.42:80-92 '55. (MLRA 9:5) (Springs (Mechanisms)--Vibration)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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TARKO, L.M., inzh.

Operating conditions of hydraulic control systems. Nauch.dokl.

vys.shkoly; -ash.i prib. no.2:85-90 *58. (MIRA 12:10)

(Hydraulic control)

Tarko, L. M. (Moscow) AUTHOR:

SOV/24-58-8-29/37

TITLE:

On the Calculation of Dynamic Errors in the Recording of

a Variable Pressure (Ob uchete dinamicheskikh

pogreshnostey pri registratsii peremennogo davleniya)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye Tekhnicheskikh Nauk, 1958, Nr 8, pp 145-146 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In Ref 1 Charnyy has considered the effect of a channel

linking the pressure device with the object under investigation on the accuracy of the device when recording pulsations in the pressure. An expression is

derived, Eq.(8), p 146, in this paper which makes it possible to calculate, when analysing the recording of a variable pressure, the dynamic errors caused by wave

processes in the connecting channel and the inertia of

the measuring device. There are 2 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: March 6, 1958

1. Pressure gages--Recording devices 2. Recording devices--Errors

Card 1/1 3. Mathematics

SOV/24-59-1-22/35

AUTHOR:

Tarko, L.M., (Moscow)

TITIE:

A Hydraulic Pulse in a System with a Loaded Piston (O gidravlicheskom udare v sisteme s vesomym porshnem)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye Tekhnicheskikh Nauk, Energetika i Avtomatika, 1959, Nr 1, pp 124-126(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The figure shows a typical arrangement found in hydraulic servomechanisms in which the piston movement is determined by the motion of the working fluid in the cylinder; the fluid flows along pipes 1 and 2, controlled by valve 5. Equations are developed for the pressure and velocity oscillations in the system due to the sudden application of pressure; these are expressed in terms of the piston mass M, friction force h, piston area F, pipe length & and cross section F, velocity of impulse wave c, fluid mass m, velocity v and pressure p. Suffixes 1 and 2 refer to the pipes. Using non-dimensional forms, the wave equations (1) and (2) may be written and the differential equation for the movement of the piston (4). Equations (5) and (6) give the solutions of (1) and (2) in terms of the constants

Card 1/2 of Eq (11). Using a step series consisting of

SOV/24-59-1-22/35

A Hydraulic Pulse in a System with a Loaded Piston

exponential functions, expressions are developed for the velocity and pressure in the pipes; Eq (12) and (13) refer to pipe 1, giving conditions after the cut off of pressure, while Eq (14) and (15) govern pipe 2. Further analysis shows that the amplitude of the pressure variation in the system may exceed that in a direct pulse and that the maximum or minimum value of the pressure may be up to three times greater than the value obtained in the simpler system with a direct pulse. There are 3 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: 5th September 1958

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755010015-6"

TARKO, L.M. (Moskva)

Theory on transient wave processes in a hydromechanical system. Izv. AN SSSR. Utd. tekh. nauk. Energ. i avtom. no.5:97-103 S-0 159. (MIRA 13:1)

(Fluid mechanics)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: Thursday, September 26, 2002

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TARKO, L.M.

Elastic waves in the rods of forging hammers. Kuz.-shtam.proizv.

1 no.6:6-10 Je '59. (MIRA 12'9)

(Forging)

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TARKO, L. M., Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Problems of the theory of undulatory transient processes in hydraulic presses." Moscow, 1960. 15 pp; (Ministry of Higher and Secondary Specialist Education RSFSR, Moscow Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner Technical College im N. E. Bauman); 150 copies; price not given; (KL, 22-60, 139)